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# Urban Building Energy Modeling - Method and Scenario Case Study Schallmoos

Peter Nageler

Institute of Thermal Engineering, TU Graz  
Inffeldgasse 25/B, 8010 Graz, A  
[peter.nageler@tugraz.at](mailto:peter.nageler@tugraz.at)

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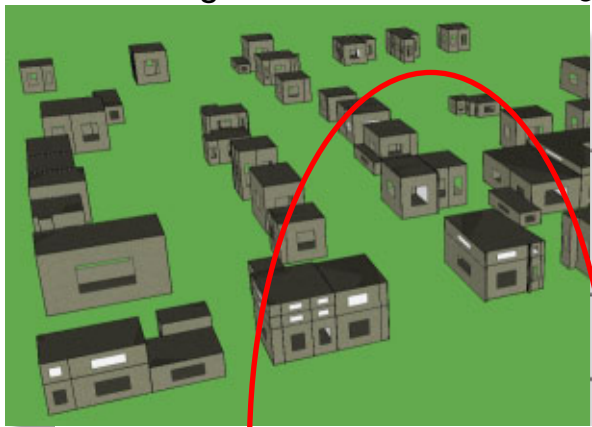
# Content

- Method for thermal building modelling in urban districts
- Case Study - Schallmoos
- Discussion

# urban building modelling

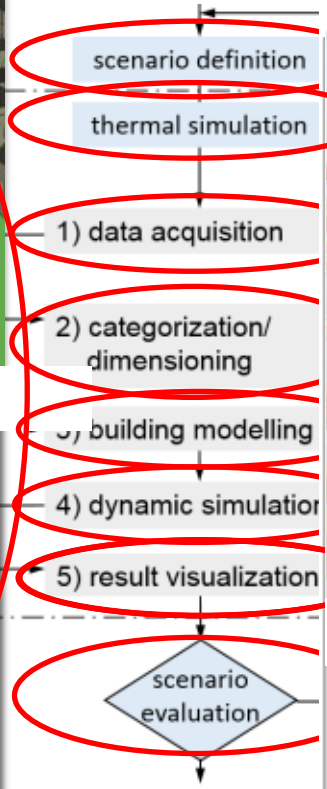
- Where does the building information come from?
  - modelling based on publicly available data
- Who has the time to model entire urban districts or cities?
  - automated modelling process
- How can the dynamic interactions between sub-models of smart energy systems be modelled?
  - detailed dynamic simulation in IDA ICE
- How is it possible to visualize the simulation results in a clear manner?
  - visualization in Geographical Information Systems (GIS)

3D building model



c

# Workflow



Land utilization plans



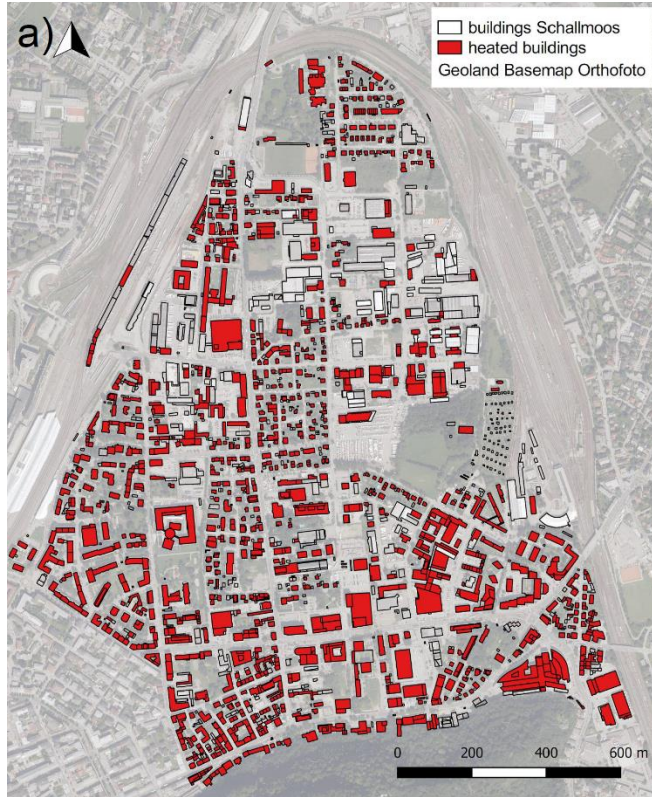
Source: Nageler et al., Novel validated method for GIS based automated dynamic urban building energy simulations, Energy 2017;139:142–154.

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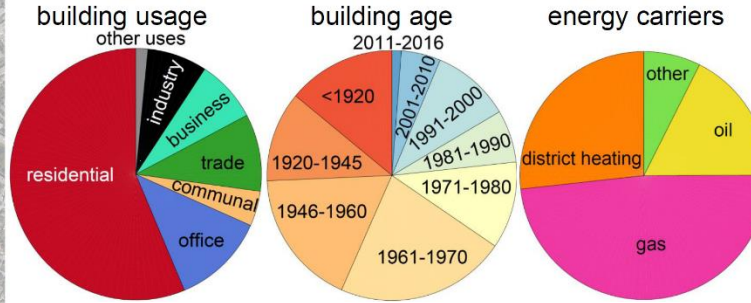
Cadastral plans



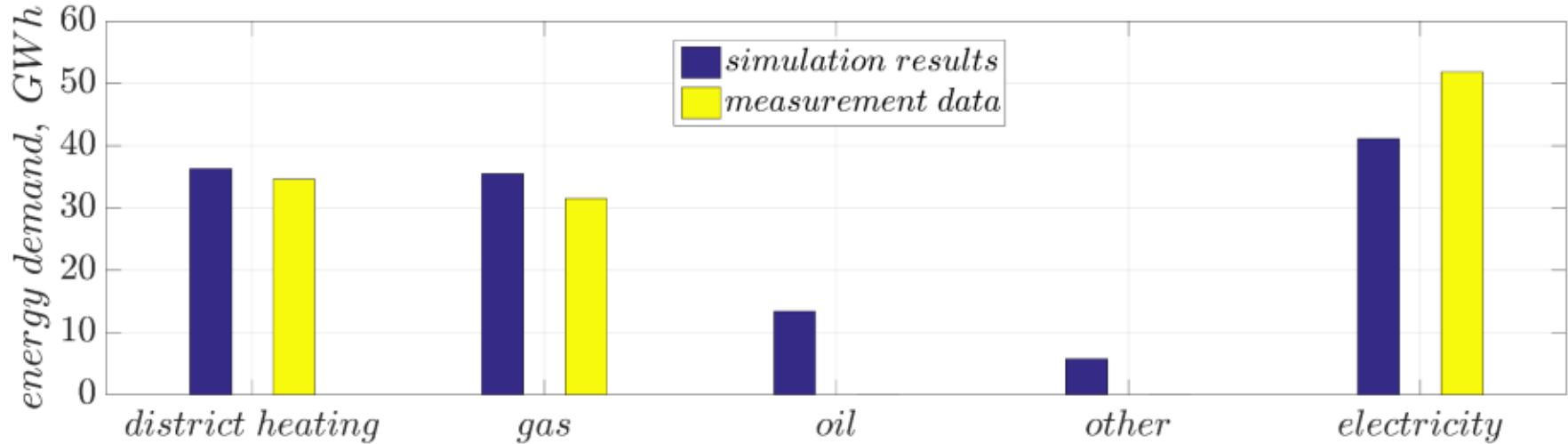
# Case Study - Schallmoos



b) characteristics of heated buildings ( $\Sigma 1335$ )

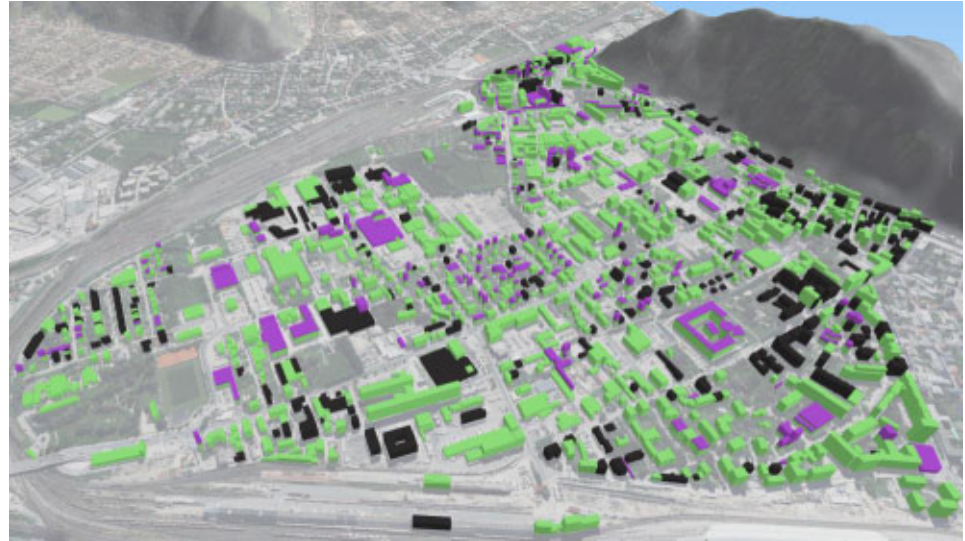


# Validation of the status quo (2014)



# Simulation scenarios for 2025 and 2050

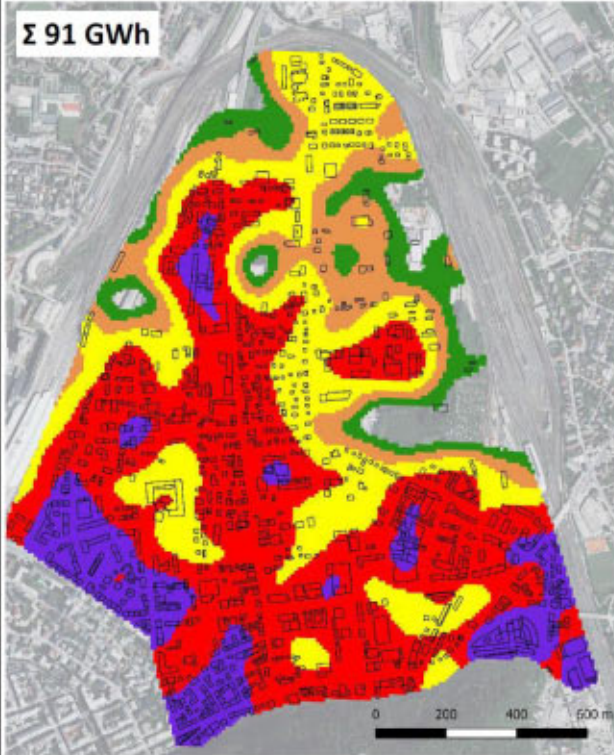
- Conservative
- Ambitious
- Renewable
- Ambitious/renewable
- Substitution gas with district heating
- Acceleration district heating



# Scenario comparison

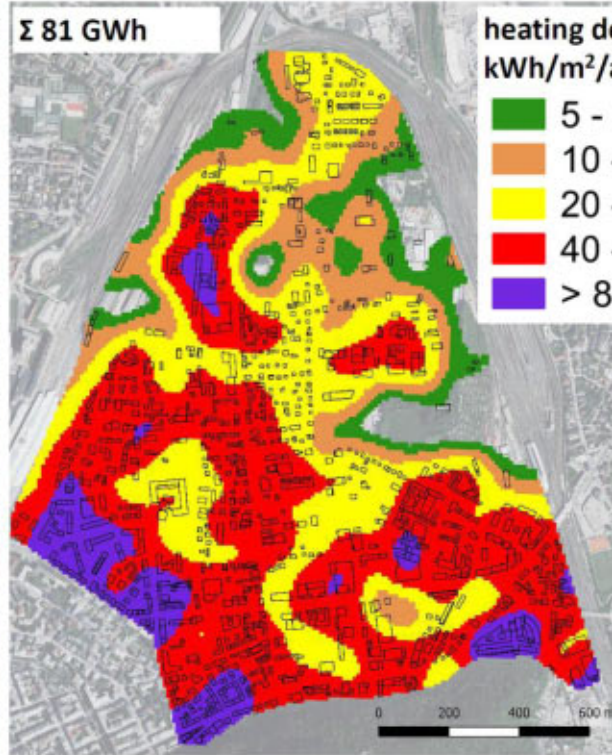
status quo (2014)

Σ 91 GWh

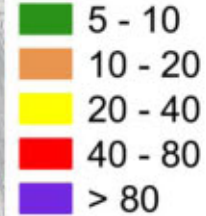


2025 conservative

Σ 81 GWh

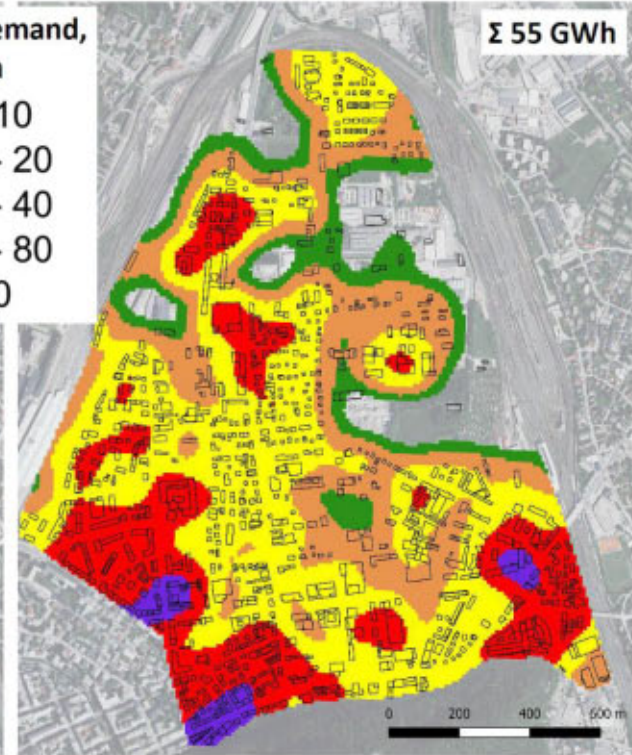


heating demand,  
kWh/m<sup>2</sup>/a

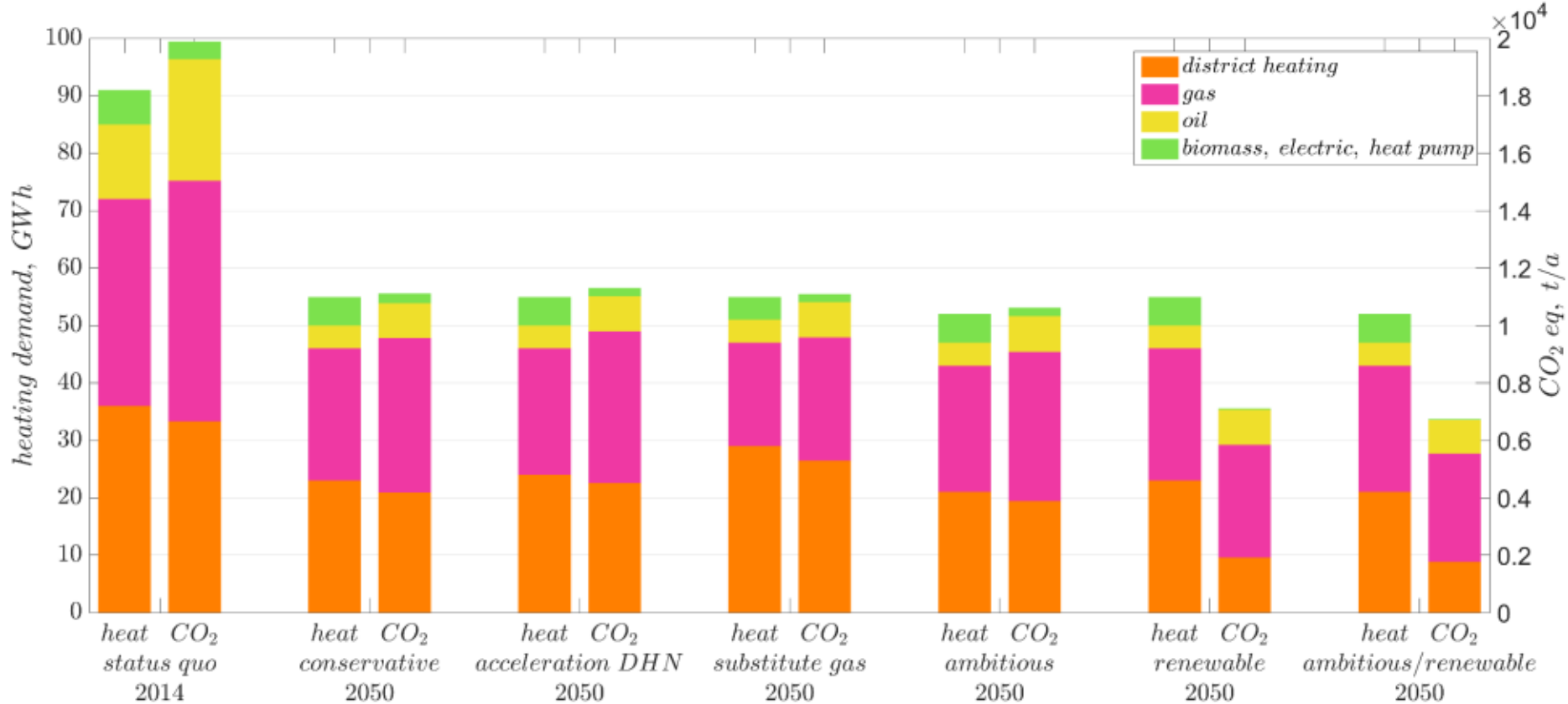


2025 conservative

Σ 55 GWh




# Scenario comparison



# Acknowledgement

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# Discussion

- Fields of application of physical urban building energy modelling approaches
    - Calculation of the energy demand
    - Retrofit scenarios
    - Densification scenarios
    - Temporal course of the heating and cooling load
    - Climate change scenarios
    - Thermal comfort analysis
    - model the dynamic interactions between buildings and smart energy systems in districts
- 
- computational  
expensive